Consolidated Financial Statements

Year ended 31 March 2018 and 2017

Nippon Flour Mills Co.,Ltd.

Independent Auditor's Report

The Board of Directors Nippon Flour Mills Co., Ltd.

We have audited the accompanying consolidated financial statements of Nippon Flour Mills Co., Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries, which comprise the consolidated balance sheets as at March 31, 2018 and 2017, and the consolidated statements of income, comprehensive income, changes in net assets, and cash flows for the years then ended and a summary of significant accounting policies and other explanatory information, all expressed in Japanese yen.

Management's Responsibility for the Consolidated Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these consolidated financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, and for designing and operating such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express an opinion on these consolidated financial statements based on our audits. We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in Japan. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the consolidated financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the consolidated financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the consolidated financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. The purpose of an audit of the consolidated financial statements is not to express an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control, but in making these risk assessments the auditor considers internal controls relevant to the entity's preparation and fair presentation of the consolidated financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the consolidated financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

Opinion

In our opinion, the consolidated financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the consolidated financial position of Nippon Flour Mills Co., Ltd. and its consolidated subsidiaries as at March 31, 2018 and 2017, and their consolidated financial performance and cash flows for the years then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in Japan.

1. Consolidated financial statements

- (1) Consolidated financial statements
 - (i) Consolidated balance sheets

		(Millions of yen
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Assets		
Current assets		
Cash and deposits	23,392	16,588
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	45,303	41,982
Merchandise and finished goods	14,481	14,172
Work in process	165	215
Raw materials and supplies	18,310	14,717
Deferred tax assets	1,465	1,537
Other current assets	3,663	3,187
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(172)	(125)
Total current assets	106,608	92,275
Non-current assets		
Property, plant and equipment		
Buildings and structures	86,873	83,590
Accumulated depreciation	(53,303)	(51,027)
Buildings and structures, net *2,*3	33,569	32,562
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	111,075	108,341
Accumulated depreciation	(93,438)	(91,074)
Machinery, equipment and vehicles, net *2, *3	17,636	17,266
Land *3	37,373	36,858
Construction in progress	2,442	1,714
Other	11,258	11,030
Accumulated depreciation	(9,412)	(9,051)
Other, net *2, *3	1,846	1,979
Total property, plant and equipment	92,867	90,380
Intangible assets	1,424	1,297
Investments and other assets	,	,
Investment securities *1, *3	66,854	62,055
Long-term loans receivable	84	839
Deferred tax assets	1,382	1,371
Net defined benefit asset	95	103
Other assets *3	4,634	4,097
Allowance for doubtful accounts	(624)	(345)
Total investments and other assets	72,426	68,121
Total non-current assets	166,719	159,799
Total assets	273,328	252,074

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Liabilities		
Current liabilities		
Notes and accounts payable - trade *3	30,200	25,623
Short-term loans payable *3	22,528	19,022
Current portion of bonds	5,000	_
Income taxes payable	2,466	2,231
Accrued expenses	11,875	11,241
Provision for bonuses	611	601
Other current liabilities	4,998	5,194
Total current liabilities	77,681	63,914
Non-current liabilities		
Bonds payable	5,000	10,000
Long-term loans payable *3	12,075	9,877
Deferred tax liabilities	13,774	12,218
Net defined benefit liability	4,530	5,151
Accrued retirement benefits for directors	808	900
Other non-current liabilities	2,551	2,566
Total non-current liabilities	38,741	40,714
Total liabilities	116,423	104,628
Net assets		
Shareholders' equity		
Common stock	12,240	12,240
Capital surplus	11,415	11,412
Retained earnings	103,522	98,361
Treasury shares	(2,635)	(2,668)
Total shareholders' equity	124,542	119,346
Accumulated other comprehensive income		
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities	27,495	24,515
Deferred gain (loss) on hedges	(14)	(12)
Foreign currency translation adjustment	725	545
Retirement benefits liability adjustments	(440)	(1,220)
Total accumulated other comprehensive income	27,765	23,828
Subscription rights to shares	211	169
Non-controlling interests	4,385	4,102
Total net assets	156,905	147,446
Total liabilities and net assets	273,328	252,074

(ii) Consolidated statements of income and comprehensive income (Consolidated statements of income)

		(Millions of ye
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Net sales	323,495	312,932
Cost of sales	234,823	226,338
Gross profit	88,672	86,593
Selling, general and administrative expenses		
Freight, sales commission and other expenses	40,455	38,518
Provision for doubtful accounts	309	· _
Salaries and wages	19,571	18,999
Retirement benefit expenses	1,324	1,518
Depreciation	1,205	1,142
Other	15,744	14,839
Total selling, general and administrative expenses *1	78,611	75,019
Operating income	10,060	11,574
Non-operating income (expenses)	·	·
Interest income	80	84
Dividend income	1,253	1,183
Rent income on fixed assets	320	315
Equity in earnings (losses) of unconsolidated	•	20.5
subsidiaries and affiliates	300	326
Gain on sales of securities	28	20
Interest expenses	(266)	(284)
Rent cost on fixed assets	(22)	(32)
Foreign exchange losses	(61)	(111)
Gain on sales of fixed assets *2	207	11
Gain on sales of investment securities	22	383
Government subsidy	-	63
Loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets *3	(158)	(163)
Impairment loss *4	(244)	_
Loss on valuation of investment securities	(103)	_
Demolition expenses	_	(261)
Head office relocation expenses *5	_	(285)
Other non-operating income (expenses), net	69	4
Total non-operating income (expenses), net	1,425	1,254
Profit before income taxes	11,486	12,828
ncome taxes - current	3,567	3,853
ncome taxes - deferred	(26)	(268)
Total income taxes	3,541	3,584
Profit	7,944	9,243
Profit attributable to non-controlling interests	293	309
Profit attributable to owners of parent	7,651	8,934

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Profit	7,944	9,243
Other comprehensive income (loss)		
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities	2,953	4,639
Deferred gain (loss) on hedges	(2)	26
Foreign currency translation adjustment	178	(54)
Retirement benefits liability adjustments	777	1,073
Share of other comprehensive income of entities accounted for using equity method	37	(5)
Total other comprehensive income (loss) *1	3,944	5,678
Comprehensive income	11,889	14,922
(Comprehensive income attributable to)		
Comprehensive income attributable to owners of parent	11,588	14,553
Comprehensive income attributable to non- controlling interests	300	369

(iii) Consolidated statements of changes in net assets FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

Share	holders	equity

-	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at beginning of current period	12,240	11,412	98,361	(2,668)	119,346
Changes during period					
Dividends of surplus			(2,493)		(2,493)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			7,651		7,651
Change in scope of consolidation			2		2
Purchase of treasury shares				(0)	(0)
Disposal of treasury shares		3		33	36
Change due to share exchanges Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests		(0)			(0)
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during period	-	2	5,160	32	5,195
Balance at end of current period	12,240	11,415	103,522	(2,635)	124,542

Accumulated other comprehensive income

	Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities	Deferred gain (loss) on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Retirement benefits liability adjustments	Total accumulated other comprehen- sive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of current period	24,515	(12)	545	(1,220)	23,828	169	4,102	147,446
Changes during period								
Dividends of surplus								(2,493)
Profit attributable to owners of parent								7,651
Change in scope of consolidation								2
Purchase of treasury shares								(0)
Disposal of treasury shares								36
Change due to share exchanges Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions								(0)
with non-controlling interests								
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	2,979	(2)	179	779	3,936	42	283	4,263
Total changes during period	2,979	(2)	179	779	3,936	42	283	9,459
Balance at end of current period	27,495	(14)	725	(440)	27,765	211	4,385	156,905

(Millions of yen)

Shareholders' equit	auitv
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-	Common stock	Capital surplus	Retained earnings	Treasury shares	Total shareholders' equity
Balance at beginning of current period	12,240	10,669	91,834	(2,354)	112,389
Changes during period					
Dividends of surplus			(2,407)		(2,407)
Profit attributable to owners of parent			8,934		8,934
Change in scope of consolidation					_
Purchase of treasury shares				(927)	(927)
Disposal of treasury shares		3		24	28
Change due to share exchanges		162		588	751
Change in ownership interest of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests		577			577
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity					
Total changes during period	_	743	6,526	(313)	6,956
Balance at end of current period	12,240	11,412	98,361	(2,668)	119,346

Accumulated other comprehensive income

	Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities	Deferred gain (loss) on hedges	Foreign currency translation adjustment	Retirement benefits liability adjustments	Total accumulated other comprehen- sive income	Subscription rights to shares	Non- controlling interests	Total net assets
Balance at beginning of current period	19,915	(38)	608	(2,293)	18,192	117	5,043	135,743
Changes during period								
Dividends of surplus								(2,407)
Profit attributable to owners of parent								8,934
Change in scope of consolidation								_
Purchase of treasury shares								(927)
Disposal of treasury shares								28
Change due to share exchanges Change in ownership interest								751
of parent due to transactions with non-controlling interests								577
Net changes of items other than shareholders' equity	4,599	26	(62)	1,073	5,636	51	(941)	4,746
Total changes during period	4,599	26	(62)	1,073	5,636	51	(941)	11,702
Balance at end of current period	24,515	(12)	545	(1,220)	23,828	169	4,102	147,446

		(Millions of yen
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Operating activities		
Profit before income taxes	11,486	12,828
Depreciation	7,791	7,715
Changes in net defined benefit asset and net defined benefit liability	(296)	(308)
Increase (decrease) in accrued retirement benefits for directors	(91)	(29)
Increase (decrease) in allowance for doubtful accounts	325	(62)
Impairment loss	244	-
Interest and dividend income	(1,333)	(1,267)
Interest expenses	266	284
Loss (gain) on sales of investment securities	(50)	(391)
Loss (gain) on valuation of investment securities	103	0
Foreign exchange losses	50	113
Equity in (earnings) losses of unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates	(300)	(326)
Loss (gain) on sales of fixed assets	(207)	(10)
Loss on disposal of fixed assets	161	167
Decrease (increase) in notes and accounts receivable - trade	(3,204)	32
Decrease (increase) in inventories	(3,764)	3,944
Increase (decrease) in notes and accounts payable - trade	4,555	(2,551)
Increase (decrease) in accrued consumption taxes	(157)	(618)
Decrease (increase) in other receivables	(554)	(429)
Increase (decrease) in other payables	1,389	638
Other, net	999	1,206
Subtotal	17,410	20,935
Interest and dividend income received	1,358	1,287
Interest expenses paid	(269)	(288)
Income taxes paid	(3,280)	(4,543)
Net cash provided by (used in) operating activities	15,217	17,391

		(Millions of yen
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Investing activities		
Decrease (increase) in time deposits	(550)	(588)
Purchase of fixed assets	(10,164)	(11,502)
Proceeds from sales of fixed assets	388	229
Purchase of investment securities	(1,302)	(1,105)
Proceeds from sales and redemption of investment securities	1,079	1,776
Payments for acquisition of business	(1,101)	_
Purchase of shares of subsidiaries resulting in change in scope of consolidation *2	(461)	(1,243)
Payments of loans receivable	(16)	(512)
Collection of loans receivable	33	37
Decrease (increase) in other investments	154	262
Net cash provided by (used in) investing activities	(11,941)	(12,646)
Financing activities		
Net increase (decrease) in short-term loans payable	1,547	(1,221)
Proceeds from long-term loans payable	7,156	2,660
Repayments of long-term loans payable	(3,069)	(8,931)
Purchase of treasury shares	(0)	(927)
Cash dividends paid	(2,493)	(2,407)
Dividends paid to non-controlling interests	(16)	(12)
Repayments of finance lease obligations	(298)	(346)
Other, net	(1)	48
Net cash provided by (used in) financing activities	2,824	(11,137)
Effect of exchange rate changes on cash and cash equivalents	61	(14)
Net increase (decrease) in cash and cash equivalents	6,162	(6,407)
Cash and cash equivalents at beginning of period	14,368	20,776
Increase in cash and cash equivalents from newly consolidated subsidiary	25	-
Cash and cash equivalents at end of period *1	20,556	14,368

Notes to consolidated financial statements

(Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements)

1. Basis of preparation

The accompanying consolidated financial statements of Nippon Flour Mills Co., Ltd. (the "Company") and consolidated subsidiaries are prepared on the basis of accounting principles generally accepted in Japan, which are different in certain respects as to the application and disclosure requirements of International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS"), and are compiled from the consolidated financial statements prepared by the Company as required by the Financial Instruments and Exchange Act of Japan.

In preparing these consolidated financial statements, certain reclassifications and rearrangements have been made to the consolidated financial statements issued domestically within Japan so as to present them in a format which in more familiar to readers outside Japan. In addition, certain reclassifications have been made to the consolidated financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2017 to conform to the classifications used for the year ended March 31, 2018.

Japanese yen figures less than one million yen are rounded down to the nearest million yen, expect for per share data.

The consolidated financial statements are stated in Japanese yen, the currency of the country in which the Company is incorporated and mainly operates.

2. Scope of consolidation

(1) Number and names of consolidated subsidiaries 47 (45 in 2017) companies

Names of major consolidated subsidiaries

NIPPN Donut Co., Ltd., Nippon Rich Co., Ltd., NIPPN ENGINEERING CO., Ltd., NPF Japan Co., Ltd., NIPPN Frozen Foods Co., Ltd., OHMY Co., Ltd., Matsuya Flour Mills Co., Ltd., NIPPN SHOJI Co., Ltd., Fast Foods Co., Ltd., OK Food Industry Co., Ltd., NAGANO TOMATO Co., Ltd., Tofuku Flour Mills Co., Ltd., and Yamato Foods Co., Ltd.

NF Frozen Co., Ltd., which was a consolidated subsidiary until the previous fiscal year, was excluded from the scope of consolidation as the result of absorption-type merger by NIPPN Frozen Foods Co., Ltd. during the first quarter of the current fiscal year. In addition, three companies were newly included in the scope of consolidation due to share acquisition, etc.

(2) Name of major unconsolidated subsidiaries

NIPPN Logistics Co., Ltd.

(Reasons for exclusion of unconsolidated subsidiaries from the scope of consolidation)

Each of the 15 unconsolidated subsidiaries is small in scale and their total assets, sales and net profit or loss (amount corresponding to the equity interest) and retained earnings (amount corresponding to the equity interest) and others do not have a material effect on the consolidated financial statements.

3. Application of equity method

(1) Number of unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates accounted for using equity method
14 (14 in 2017) companies (of which six (six in 2017) unconsolidated subsidiaries and eight (eight in
2017) affiliates)

Names of major equity method companies

NIPPN Logistics Co., Ltd. and Chiba Grain Center Co., Ltd.

(2) There are nine (ten in 2017) unconsolidated subsidiaries and 16 (15 in 2017) affiliates not accounted for using the equity method. They are not accounted for using the equity method because they have only a minor effect on the consolidated financial statements and have no significance as a whole in terms of net profit or loss (amount corresponding to the equity interest), retained earnings (amount corresponding to the equity interest) and others.

4. Fiscal year end of consolidated subsidiaries

The consolidated subsidiaries whose balance sheet date is different from the consolidated balance sheet date are as follows:

Company name

Balance sheet date

Pasta Montana, L.L.C. and nine (ten in 2017) other companies

December 31*

* Financial statements as of the balance sheet date of each consolidated subsidiary have been used. However, necessary adjustments are made on consolidation for significant transactions that occurred between the balance sheet date of these subsidiaries and the consolidated financial statements date.

5. Significant accounting policies

- (1) Valuation bases and methods for significant assets
 - (i) Securities

Other securities

Securities with available fair market values

Stated at fair value based on the market price at the end of the fiscal year (unrealized gain or loss is included as a separate component of net assets, and cost of securities sold is determined based on the moving-average method).

Securities without available fair market values

Stated at cost using the moving-average method.

(ii) Derivatives

Derivatives financial instruments are stated at fair value.

(iii) Inventories

Merchandise and finished goods

The Company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries mainly adopt the cost method based on the (monthly) gross average method (carrying amounts on the balance sheet are subject to the lower of cost or market value method), and foreign consolidated subsidiaries mainly adopt the lower of cost or market value method, with cost determined by the first-in first-out method.

Raw materials and supplies

For raw materials on an immediate sale basis, the Company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries mainly adopt the first-in first-out cost method (carrying amounts on the balance sheet are subject to the lower of cost or market value method). For other raw materials and supplies, they mainly adopt the (monthly) gross average method (carrying amounts on the balance sheet are subject to the lower of cost or market value method). Foreign consolidated subsidiaries mainly adopt the lower of cost or market value method, with cost determined by the first-in first-out method.

- (2) Depreciation and amortization methods for major depreciable and amortizable assets
 - (i) Property, plant and equipment (excluding leased assets)

The Company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries mainly adopt the declining-balance method and foreign consolidated subsidiaries mainly adopt the straight-line method. However, the Company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries adopt the straight-line method for buildings (excluding facilities attached to buildings) acquired on or after April 1, 1998 and facilities attached to buildings and structures acquired on or after April 1, 2016.

The estimated useful lives of major items are as follows:

Buildings and structures 3 to 50 years Machinery, equipment and vehicles 4 to 12 years

(ii) Intangible assets (excluding leased assets)

The Company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries adopt the straight-line method.

Software for internal use is based on the estimated useful life as internally determined (five years).

(iii) Leased assets

The straight-line method is applied on the assumptions that the useful life equals the lease term and the residual value is zero.

For finance lease transactions in which ownership is not transferred commencing on or prior to March 31, 2008, the Company adopts an accounting method similar to that applied to operating lease transactions.

(3) Accounting policy for significant provisions

(i) Allowance for doubtful accounts

For the Company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries, allowance for doubtful accounts is provided based on past experience for normal receivables and using a specific estimate of the collectability of individual receivables from companies in financial difficulty in order to prepare for losses from bad debt.

(ii) Accrued retirement benefits for directors

To provide for the payment of directors' retirement benefits, the Company and domestic consolidated subsidiaries reserve the amount required as of the end of the current fiscal year based on their internal regulations.

(iii) Provision for bonuses

To prepare for the payment of bonuses to employees, the amount is provided based on the expected amount to be paid.

- (4) Accounting methods for retirement benefits
 - (i) Method of attributing expected retirement benefits to periods
 In calculating retirement benefit obligations, the benefit formula basis is used as the method for attributing the expected retirement benefits to the periods.
 - (ii) Actuarial differences

Unrecognized actuarial gains and losses are amortized by the straight-line method over a fixed period (ten years) which is within the average remaining service period of employees, starting from the respective fiscal years following the fiscal year in which they arose.

- (5) Significant hedge accounting method
 - (i) Hedge accounting method

Deferred hedge accounting is applied. Interest rate swaps that satisfy certain requirements are accounted for by the special treatment.

- (ii) Hedging instruments and hedged items

 - · Hedged items Loans payable, receivables and payables denominated in foreign currencies or expected transactions denominated in foreign currencies

(iii) Hedging policy

For interest rate-related transactions, hedges are entered into solely for avoiding risks arising from possible interest rate changes in the future. For currency-related transactions, forward exchange contracts are used to hedge risks arising from possible fluctuations of foreign exchange rates on transactions denominated in foreign currencies.

(iv) Assessment of hedge effectiveness

The hedge effectiveness of interest rate swaps is assessed by comparing the accumulated cash flow changes of the hedged items and the accumulated cash flow changes of the hedging instruments. However, the assessment of hedge effectiveness has been omitted for interest rate swaps by which the risk of changes in interest rate would be entirely eliminated. For forward foreign exchange contracts, the evaluation of hedge effectiveness has been omitted as significant conditions are identical for the exchange contracts and the hedged items or scheduled transactions and it is assumed that market fluctuations or cash flow changes are offset at the time of commencement of hedging and thereafter.

- (6) Method and period for amortization of goodwill Goodwill is amortized by the straight-line method over a period of five to ten years.
- (7) Scope of cash and cash equivalents in consolidated statements of cash flows

 Cash and cash equivalents in the consolidated statements of cash flows consist of cash on hand, demand
 deposits, and short-term investments with a maturity of three months or less when purchased which can
 easily be converted to cash and are subject to little risk of change in value.
- (8) Accounting methods for consumption taxes

 Items subject to consumption taxes are accounted for at amounts exclusive of consumption taxes.

(Accounting standards issued but not yet effective, etc.)

- "Implementation Guidance on Tax Effect Accounting" (ASBJ Guidance No. 28, amended on February 16, 2018, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)
- "Implementation Guidance on Recoverability of Deferred Tax Assets" (ASBJ Guidance No. 26, the last amendment was made on February 16, 2018, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)

(1) Summary

When transferring the practical guidelines on accounting standards for tax effect accounting of the Japanese Institute of Certified Public Accountants to the ASBJ, the content was generally preserved; however, the following revisions were deemed necessary and made to the "Implementation Guidance on Tax Effect Accounting," etc.

(Major revised accounting treatments)

- Treatment of taxable temporary differences pertaining to subsidiary stock, etc., in nonconsolidated financial statements
- Treatment of recoverability of deferred tax assets in companies that fall under (Category 1)

(2) Scheduled date of application

These are scheduled to be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2019.

- (3) Effect of application of the aforementioned accounting standards, etc.

 The effect of application of the "Implementation Guidance on Tax Effect Accounting," etc., on consolidated financial statements is currently under review.
- "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Statement No. 29, March 30, 2018, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)
- "Implementation Guidance on Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition" (ASBJ Guidance No. 30, March 30, 2018, Accounting Standards Board of Japan)

(1) Summary

The International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB") and the Financial Accounting Standards Board ("FASB") jointly developed comprehensive accounting standards for revenue recognition and published the "Revenue from Contracts with Customers" (IFRS 15 at the IASB and Topic 606 at the FASB) in May 2014. Given that IFRS 15 is to be applied from fiscal years starting on or after January 1, 2018 and that Topic 606 is to be applied from fiscal years starting after December 15, 2017, the ASBJ has developed comprehensive accounting standards for revenue recognition and published them in conjunction with the implementation guidance. The basic policy of the ASBJ in developing accounting standards for revenue recognition is thought to be setting accounting standards incorporating the basic principles of IFRS 15 as a starting point from the standpoint of comparability between financial statements, which is one of the benefits of ensuring consistency with IFRS 15, and to be adding alternative accounting treatments without losing comparability if there is an item that should take into account practices, etc., that have been conducted in Japan.

(2) Scheduled date of application

These are scheduled to be applied from the beginning of the fiscal year ending March 31, 2022.

(3) Effect of application of the aforementioned accounting standards, etc.

The effect of application of the "Accounting Standard for Revenue Recognition," etc., on the consolidated financial statements is currently under review.

(Changes in presentation)

(Consolidated statements of cash flows)

"Loss (gain) on valuation of investment securities," included in "Other, net" in "Operating activities" in the previous fiscal year, is presented separately from the current fiscal year because the amount becomes significant. In addition, "proceeds from sales of treasury shares" in "Financing activities," presented separately in the previous fiscal year, is included in "Other, net" in the current fiscal year because the amount becomes insignificant. The consolidated financial statements for the previous fiscal year have been reclassified to reflect these changes in presentation.

As a result, ¥1,206 million presented as "Other, net" in "Operating activities" in the consolidated statements of cash flows for the previous fiscal year has been reclassified as "Loss (gain) on valuation of investment securities" of ¥0 million and "Other, net" of ¥1,206 million. Additionally, ¥0 million presented as "Proceeds from sales of treasury shares" in "Financing activities" has been reclassified as "Other, net."

(Consolidated balance sheets)

*1 Investment securities in unconsolidated subsidiaries and affiliates are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Investment securities	5,798	5,490

*2 Accumulated reduction entry amount deducted from the acquisition cost of property, plant and equipment due to acceptance of government subsidies and others are as follows:

	(Millions of ye	en)
FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)	
	336 33	6

*3 Assets pledged as collateral

(1) Assets pledged as collateral

		(Millions of yen)	
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)	
Buildings and structures	2,863	3,045	
Machinery and equipment	1,818	2,011	
Land	2,380	2,380	
Property, plant and equipment (other)	24	26	
Investment securities	329	325	
Investments and other assets (other)	411	428	
Total	7,827	8,217	

Of the above, assets pledged as collateral on mortgages of factory foundation are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Buildings and structures	1,630	1,690
Machinery and equipment	1,524	1,644
Land	1,255	1,255
Property, plant and equipment (other)	20	20
Investments and other assets (other)	250	266_
Total	4,681	4,878

(2) Liabilities corresponding to assets pledged as collateral

(2) Elabilities corresponding to assect	s preaged as conaterar	(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Short-term loans payable	2,530	2,530
Long-term loans payable	2.710	2.471
(including current portion)	2,710	2,471
Notes and accounts payable - trade	813	1,023
Total	6,053	6,024

Of the above, liabilities corresponding to mortgages of factory foundation are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)	
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)	
Short-term loans payable	1,230	1,230	
Long-term loans payable	2 202	2.072	
(including current portion)	2,392	2,072	
Total	3,622	3,302	

*4 The Company has provided guarantees for borrowings of its employees and others as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Employees	12	14

(Consolidated statements of income)

*1 Research and development expenses included in general and administrative expenses are as follows:

	(Millions of yen)
FY2018	FY2017
(From April 1, 2017	(From April 1, 2016
to March 31, 2018)	to March 31, 2017)
	3,187 2,971

- *2 Gain on sales of fixed assets represents gain on sales of land and others.
- *3 Loss on sales and disposal of fixed assets represents loss on retirement and sales of machinery and equipment, and others.

*4 Impairment loss

The Company recorded impairment loss on the following assets.

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

Location	Purpose	Туре
Osaka city, Osaka and other cities	Business-use assets	Buildings and others

The Company group (the "Group") performs an impairment test per asset group such as assets group in business-use assets, which are grouped by region and other items based on the complementary characteristics of cash flows, a common asset group, rental assets and idle assets. For the above assets, the Group reduced the book value to the recoverable amount and the corresponding amount recorded as impairment loss in non-operating expenses totaled ¥244 million.

The recoverable amount was measured based on value in use. However, the Group estimated the recoverable amount as zero because future cash flows are not likely.

*5 Head office relocation expenses

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

These represent expenses to update packaging materials and moving expenses and others due to the change in address for relocating the head office.

(Consolidated statements of comprehensive income)

*1 Reclassification adjustments and tax effects relating to other comprehensive income

		(Millions of yen)	
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)	
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities:			
Amount arising during the year	4,203	6,683	
Reclassification adjustments	54	(5)	
Before tax effect adjustments	4,257	6,678	
Tax effects	(1,304)	(2,039)	
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities	2,953	4,639	
Deferred gain (loss) on hedges:			
Amount arising during the year	(54)	(73)	
Reclassification adjustments	50	110	
Before tax effect adjustments	(3)	37	
Tax effects	1	(11)	
Deferred gain (loss) on hedges	(2)	26	
Foreign currency translation adjustment:			
Amount arising during the year	178	(54)	
Retirement benefits liability adjustments:			
Amount arising during the year	348	509	
Reclassification adjustments	774	1,023	
Before tax effect adjustments	1,123	1,533	
Tax effects	(345)	(459)	
Retirement benefits liability adjustments		1,073	
Share of other comprehensive income of entities			
accounted for using equity method:			
Amount arising during the year	37	(5)	
Total other comprehensive income (loss)	3,944	5,678	

(Consolidated statements of changes in net assets)

The Companies Act of Japan provides that an amount equal to 10% of the amount to be disbursed as distributions of capital surplus (other than the capital reserve) and retained earnings (other than the legal reserve) be transferred to the capital reserve and the legal reserve, respectively, until the sum of the capital reserve and the legal reserve equals 25% of the capital stock account. Such distributions can be made at any time by resolution of the shareholders, or by the Board of Directors if certain conditions are met.

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

1. Class and total number of issued shares and treasury shares

(Thousands of shares)

	Number of shares as of April 1, 2017	Increase in number of shares during fiscal year	Decrease in number of shares during fiscal year	Number of shares as of March 31, 2018
Issued shares				
Common stock	82,524	_	_	82,524
Treasury shares				
Common stock (Note 1, 2)	2,252	0	27	2,225

Notes:

- 1. The increase in the number of treasury shares of common stock was due to the purchase of shares less than one unit.
- 2. The decrease in the number of treasury shares of common stock was due to the disposal of 27 thousand shares through the exercise of stock options and the request for purchasing 0 thousand additional shares less than one unit.

2. Subscription rights to shares and treasury subscription rights to shares

Category Breakdown of subscription rights to shares	Class of shares to be issued upon	Number of shares to be issued upon exercise of subscription rights to shares (Shares)				Balance as of	
	exercise of subscription rights to shares	As of April 1, 2017	Increase	Decrease	As of March 31, 2018	March 31, 2018 (Millions of yen)	
Reporting company (Parent company)	Subscription rights to shares as stock options	_	-	_	ŀ	_	211
	Total	_	_	=	_	_	211

3. Dividends

(1) Cash dividends paid

(1) Cui	sii urviuciius paiu				
Resolution	Class of shares	Total amount of dividends (Millions of yen)	Dividends per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
Annual Shareholders Meeting held on June 29, 2017	Common stock	1,286	16.0	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2017
Board of Directors meeting held on November 7, 2017	Common stock	1,206	15.0	September 30, 2017	November 30, 2017

(2) Dividends for which record date is in the fiscal year but whose effective date is in the following fiscal year

Resolution	Class of shares	Total amount of dividends (Millions of yen)	Source of dividends	Dividends per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
Annual Shareholders Meeting held on June 28, 2018	Common stock	1,206	Retained earnings	15.0	March 31, 2018	June 29, 2018

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

1. Class and total number of issued shares and treasury shares

(Thousands of shares)

	Number of shares as of April 1, 2016	Increase in number of shares during fiscal year	Decrease in number of shares during fiscal year	Number of shares as of March 31, 2017
Issued shares				
Common stock (Note 1)	165,048	_	82,524	82,524
Treasury shares				
Common stock (Note 2, 3)	4,290	1,228	3,266	2,252

Notes:

- 1. The decrease in the number of issued shares of common stock was due to the 1-for-2 share consolidation on October 1, 2016.
- 2. The increase in the number of treasury shares of common stock was due to the acquisition of 1,223 thousand shares based on a Board of Directors resolution (of which the increase is 0 thousand shares after the share consolidation) and the purchase of 5 thousand shares less than one unit (of which the increase is 0 thousand shares after the share consolidation).
- 3. The decrease in the number of treasury shares of common stock was due to the 1-for-2 share consolidation on October 1, 2016 in the amount of 2,736 thousand shares, the share exchange of 485 thousand shares (after the share consolidation), the disposal of 44 thousand shares through the exercise of stock options and the request for purchasing 0 thousand additional shares less than one unit.

2. Subscription rights to shares and treasury subscription rights to shares

	2. Subscription rights to shares and deastly subscription rights to shares						
		Class of shares to be issued upon	Number of shares to be issued upon exercise of subscription rights to shares (Shares)				Balance as of
Category	Breakdown of subscription rights to shares	exercise of subscription rights to shares	As of April 1, 2016	Increase	Decrease	As of March 31, 2017	March 31, 2017 (Millions of yen)
Reporting company (Parent company)	Subscription rights to shares as stock options	-	-	_	-	_	169
	Total	_	_	_	_	_	169

3. Dividends

(1) Cash dividends paid

Resolution	Class of shares	Total amount of dividends (Millions of yen)	Dividends per share (Yen) (Note)	Record date	Effective date
Annual Shareholders Meeting held on June 29, 2016	Common stock	1,288	8.0	March 31, 2016	June 30, 2016
Board of Directors meeting held on November 7, 2016	Common stock	1,119	7.0	September 30, 2016	December 5, 2016

Note: The Company conducted a 1-for-2 share consolidation on October 1, 2016. The amounts of dividends per share with the record dates on March 31, 2016 and September 30, 2016 are those before the share consolidation. Calculating the amounts after the share consolidation, the dividend per share with the record date on March 31, 2016 would be \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{16.00}\) (\(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{12.00}\) in ordinary dividend and \(\frac{\pmathbf{4}}{4.00}\) in commemorative dividend) and that with the record date on September 30, 2016 would be \(\frac{\pmathbf{1}}{14.00}\).

(2) Dividends for which record date is in the fiscal year but whose effective date is in the following fiscal year

Resolution	Class of shares	Total amount of dividends (Millions of yen)	Source of dividends	Dividends per share (Yen)	Record date	Effective date
Annual Shareholders Meeting held on June 29, 2017	Common stock	1,286	Retained earnings	16.0	March 31, 2017	June 30, 2017

(Consolidated statements of cash flows)

*1 Cash and cash equivalents as of the year end are reconciled to the accounts reported in the consolidated balance sheets as follows:

(Millions of yen) FY2018 FY2017 (From April 1, 2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2018) to March 31, 2017) Cash and deposits 23,392 16,588 Time deposits with maturity over three months (2,835)(2,219)Cash and cash equivalents 20,556 14,368

*2 Major components of assets and liabilities of a company that became a consolidated subsidiary in the previous fiscal year resulting from the acquisition of its shares

Components of assets and liabilities at the time of consolidation of Yamato Foods Co., Ltd. resulting from the acquisition of its shares as well as the bridging between the acquisition cost of Yamato Foods Co., Ltd. and expenditures (net) for its acquisition are presented below.

	(Millions of yen)
Current assets	344
Non-current assets	1,315
Goodwill	609
Current liabilities	(882)
Non-current liabilities	(8)
Valuation difference	(10)
Acquisition cost of Yamato Foods Co., Ltd.	1,367
Cash and cash equivalents of Yamato Foods Co., Ltd.	(123)
Expenditures (net) for acquisition of Yamato Foods Co., Ltd.	1,243

(Lease transactions)

(Lessee)

1. Finance leases transactions

Finance lease transactions in which ownership is not transferred

(1) Details of leased assets

Property, plant and equipment

Principally production facilities (machinery, equipment and vehicles) and others in the Food segment.

(2) Depreciation method of leased assets

Depreciation method of leased assets is described in "5. Significant accounting policies (2) Depreciation and amortization methods for major depreciable and amortizable assets" above.

For lease transactions commencing on or prior to March 31, 2008, it is accounted using an accounting method similar to that applied to operating lease transactions as follows:

(i) Amounts equivalent to acquisition cost of leased items, accumulated depreciation, accumulated impairment loss, and year-end balance

(Millions of yen)

	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)		
	Acquisition cost equivalent	Accumulated depreciation equivalent	Year-end balance equivalent
Buildings and structures	2,541	2,329	212
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	204	183	20
Total	2,746	2,513	232

Note: The acquisition cost equivalent is calculated by including interest to be paid because the year-end balance of future lease payments makes up a small portion of the year-end balance of property, plant and equipment.

(Millions of yen)

			(Millions of yell)
	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)		
	Acquisition cost equivalent	Accumulated depreciation equivalent	Year-end balance equivalent
Buildings and structures	2,541	2,249	291
Machinery, equipment and vehicles	673	639	34
Total	3,215	2,889	325

(ii) Amounts equivalent to future lease payments

(Millions of yen)

	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Due within one year	84	93
Due after one year	148	232
Total	232	325

Note: The amounts equivalent to future lease payments are calculated by including interest to be paid because the year-end balance of future lease payments makes up a small portion of the year-end balance of property, plant and equipment.

(iii) Lease payments, reversal of accumulated impairment loss on leased assets, and depreciation equivalent

(Millions of yen)

		(iviliations of join)
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Lease payments	93	198
Depreciation equivalent	93	198

(iv) Method of calculating depreciation equivalent

The straight-line method is applied on the assumptions that the useful life equals the lease term and the residual value is zero.

2. Operating lease transactions

Future lease payments for non-cancelable operating lease transactions

	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Due within one year	21	18
Due after one year	40	33
Total	62	51

(Financial instruments)

- 1. Conditions of financial instruments
- (1) Policy for financial instruments

The Group limits its fund management activities to short-term deposits and others, and procures funds through bank loans and issuances of corporate bonds. It conducts derivative transactions only for the purpose of hedging risks as described below within the scope of actual demand, and no speculative or high risk transactions are allowed in principle.

(2) Details and risks of financial instruments and risk management system Notes and accounts receivable - trade, which are operating receivables, are exposed to customer credit risk. The Group reduces the risk by performing credit research into primary trading partners and controlling maturity dates of receivables of each customer and preparing reports on the balance for each customer.

Investment securities are primarily shares in companies with which the Group has business relationships, of which listed shares are exposed to market price fluctuation risk. Consequently, the market values of the listed shares are monitored on a quarterly basis.

Most of notes and accounts payable - trade, which are operating debts, are due within one year.

Among loans payable, short-term loans are mainly operating funds, and long-term loans are mainly for procuring funds relating to capital investments. Though some long-term loans are exposed to interest rate fluctuation risk, the Group hedges that risk by entering into derivative transactions (interest rate swap transactions).

Bonds payable are issued for the purpose of procuring funds for repayment of loans and operating funds.

Derivative transactions are comprised of forward exchange contracts with the purpose to hedge exchange rate fluctuation risk in respect of foreign currency denominated operating payables and interest rate swaps transactions with the purpose to hedge fluctuation risk in interest rates on loans payable. As to hedging instruments, hedged items, hedging policy, assessment of hedge effectiveness and others relating to hedge accounting, please refer to "5. Significant accounting policies (5) Significant hedge accounting method" above.

Derivative transactions are executed and controlled by internal rules for transaction authorization. In order to reduce credit risk, the counterparties to these derivative transactions are limited to major financial institutions with high credit ratings.

Operating payables and loans payable are exposed to liquidity risk. The Group manages the risk by each member company's preparing a monthly plan for raising funds and other methods.

(3) Supplementary explanation on the fair values of financial instruments

The notional amounts of derivatives in "2. Fair values of financial instruments," in themselves, do
not reflect the market risk relating to the derivative transactions.

2. Fair values of financial instruments

Carrying amounts, fair values and their differences are shown in the following table. The amounts shown in the following tables do not include financial instruments whose fair values are deemed to be extremely difficult to determine (see Note 2 below).

FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

	Carrying amount (*)	Fair value (*)	Difference
(1) Cash and deposits	23,392	23,392	_
(2) Notes and accounts receivable - trade	45,303	45,303	_
(3) Investment securities	56,495	56,495	-
(4) Notes and accounts payable - trade	(30,200)	(30,200)	_
(5) Short-term loans payable (excluding current portion of long-term loans payable)	(18,019)	(18,019)	_
(6) Bonds payable (including current portion of bonds payable)	(10,000)	(10,036)	(36)
(7) Long-term loans payable (including current portion of long-term loans payable)	(16,584)	(16,250)	334
(8) Derivatives	(21)	(21)	_

^(*) Liabilities are presented in parentheses.

FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)

(Minions of yen)					
	Carrying amount (*)	Fair value (*)	Difference		
(1) Cash and deposits	16,588	16,588	_		
(2) Notes and accounts receivable - trade	41,982	41,982	_		
(3) Investment securities	52,036	52,036	_		
(4) Notes and accounts payable - trade	(25,623)	(25,623)	_		
(5) Short-term loans payable (excluding current portion of long-term loans payable)	(16,403)	(16,403)	_		
(6) Bonds payable	(10,000)	(10,073)	(73)		
(7) Long-term loans payable (including current portion of long-term loans payable)	(12,497)	(12,373)	123		
(8) Derivatives	(17)	(17)	-		

^(*) Liabilities are presented in parentheses.

Note 1: Calculation methods of the fair value of financial instruments and matters relating to securities and derivatives

(1) Cash and deposits and (2) Notes and accounts receivable - trade

The book value is used as the fair value, given that the fair value is almost equivalent to the amount of the book value, as they are settled in a short time.

(3) Investment securities

Stocks are valued at prices on stock exchanges and bonds are valued at prices obtained from financial institutions. For matters concerning securities by holding purpose, please refer to note on "Securities."

(4) Notes and accounts payable - trade and (5) Short-term loans payable

The book value is used as the fair value, given that the fair value is almost equivalent to the amount of the book value, as they are settled in a short time.

(6) Bonds payable

The fair value of bonds payable with available fair market value is valued at market prices. The fair value of bonds payable without available fair market value is estimated by discounting the total amount of principal and interest at a rate that reflects the remaining periods of the bonds and the credit risk.

(7) Long-term loans payable

The fair value of long-term loans payable is estimated by discounting the total amount of principal and interest using an interest rate that would apply if the full amount of the principal were newly borrowed at the year-end date. Most of long-term loans payable with variable interest rates qualify for special treatment for interest rate swaps and the fair value is calculated by discounting the total amount of principal and interest with the interest rate swaps, using an interest rate that would apply if it were newly borrowed at the year-end date.

(8) Derivatives

Please refer to notes on "Derivatives."

Note 2: Carrying amounts of financial instruments whose fair values are deemed to be extremely difficult to determine

(Millions of yen)

Category	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Unlisted stocks and others	10,359	10,018

Unlisted stocks are not included in "(3) Investment securities" because they have no market prices and their fair values are deemed to be extremely difficult to determine as future cash flow cannot be estimated.

Note 3: Redemption schedule for monetary receivables and securities with maturities after the consolidated balance sheet date

FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)

	Within one year	Over one year within five years	Over five years within ten years	Over ten years
Deposits	23,258	_	_	_
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	45,303	-	-	_
Securities and investment securities Other securities with				
maturities				
(1) Bonds (Corporate bonds)	_	425	85	239
(2) Other	29	29	298	_
Total	68,591	455	384	239

FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)

(Millions of yen)

	Within one year	Over one year within five years	Over five years within ten years	Over ten years
Deposits	16,471	_	_	_
Notes and accounts receivable - trade	41,982	-	-	-
Securities and investment securities				
Other securities with maturities				
(1) Bonds (Corporate bonds)	101	150	107	190
(2) Other	27	238	186	_
Total	58,582	388	293	190

Note 4: Repayment schedule for short-term loans payable, bonds payable and long-term loans payable after the consolidated balance sheet date

FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

	Within one year	Over one year within two years	Over two years within three years	Over three years within four years	Over four years within five years	Over five years
Short-term loans payable	18,019	_	_	_	_	1
Bonds payable	5,000	-	5,000	-	_	-
Long-term loans payable	4,508	2,394	1,991	766	875	6,047
Total	27,528	2,394	6,991	766	875	6,047

FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)

(Williams of year						
	Within one year	Over one year within two years	Over two years within three years	Over three years within four years	Over four years within five years	Over five years
Short-term loans payable	16,403	_	_	_	_	-
Bonds payable	-	5,000	-	5,000	-	_
Long-term loans payable	2,619	3,810	1,805	1,184	228	2,848
Total	19,022	8,810	1,805	6,184	228	2,848

(Securities)

1. Other securities FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

	Туре	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost	Difference
	(1) Stocks	54,692	14,675	40,017
Securities whose	(2) Bonds (i) Government bonds and local government bonds	-	-	_
carrying amount exceeds their	(ii) Corporate bonds	_	-	_
acquisition cost	(iii) Other	-	_	_
	(3) Other	174	153	21
	Subtotal	54,867	14,828	40,038
	(1) Stocks	553	697	(143)
Securities whose	(2) Bonds (i) Government bonds and local government bonds	-	-	_
carrying amount does not exceed their	(ii) Corporate bonds	600	746	(145)
acquisition cost	(iii) Other	_	_	_
	(3) Other	472	514	(41)
	Subtotal	1,627	1,957	(330)
	Total	56,495	16,786	39,708

Note: Unlisted stocks (carrying amount: ¥4,560 million) are not included in "Other securities" in the above table because they have no market prices and their fair values are deemed to be extremely difficult to determine.

FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)

	Туре	Carrying amount	Acquisition cost	Difference
	(1) Stocks	50,637	14,950	35,686
Securities whose	(2) Bonds (i) Government bonds and local government bonds	-	_	-
carrying amount exceeds their	(ii) Corporate bonds	_	_	_
acquisition cost	(iii) Other	_	_	_
	(3) Other	146	139	6
	Subtotal	50,783	15,090	35,692
	(1) Stocks	322	403	(80)
	(2) Bonds			
Securities whose carrying amount does	(i) Government bonds and local government bonds	_	_	-
not exceed their	(ii) Corporate bonds	469	579	(109)
acquisition cost	(iii) Other	_	_	_
	(3) Other	527	578	(51)
	Subtotal	1,319	1,561	(241)
	Total	52,102	16,651	35,450

Note: Unlisted stocks (carrying amount: ¥4,527 million) are not included in "Other securities" in the above table because they have no market prices and their fair values are deemed to be extremely difficult to determine.

2. Other securities sold FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

Туре	Proceeds from sales	Total gain on sales	Total loss on sales
(1) Stocks	61	22	_
(2) Bonds			
(i) Government bonds and local government bonds	_	-	-
(ii) Corporate bonds	_	_	-
(iii) Other	_	-	-
(3) Other	982	28	1
Total	1,044	50	1

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

(Millions of yen)

Туре	Proceeds from sales	Total gain on sales	Total loss on sales
(1) Stocks	827	383	0
(2) Bonds			
(i) Government bonds and local government bonds	_	-	-
(ii) Corporate bonds	282	2	4
(iii) Other	-	_	-
(3) Other	451	9	8
Total	1,561	396	12

3. Securities subject to impairment

Regarding impairment of securities, the Company recognized ¥103 million as impairment loss for securities in the current fiscal year.

When the fair value of securities as of the end of the fiscal year declines by greater than or equal to 50% compared to their cost, the Company recognizes impairment losses, and when such decline is between 30% and 50%, the Company recognizes impairment losses for the amount deemed necessary taking into consideration the possibility of a recovery in value. For securities whose fair value is deemed to be extremely difficult to determine, the Company recognizes impairment losses of securities for which actual value at the consolidated balance sheet date declines by greater than or equal to 50 % compared to the cost, in principle, except in cases where there is a possibility of recovery in value.

(Derivatives)

 Derivatives for which hedge accounting is not applied FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018) Not applicable

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017) Not applicable

- 2. Derivatives for which hedge accounting is applied
 - (1) Currency-related transactions

FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)

Hedge accounting	Type of transaction	Major hedged items	Contract amount, etc. (Millions of yen)	Contract amount, etc. over one year (Millions of yen)	Fair value (Millions of yen)
Deferred hedge accounting	Forward exchange contracts Buy USD EUR	Accounts payable - trade	943 149	-	(18)
	Sell USD	Accounts receivable - trade	79	_	(0)
	Total			_	(21)

Note: Calculation methods of fair value Valued at prices obtained from counterparty financial institutions and others.

FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)

Hedge accounting	Type of transaction	Major hedged items	Contract amount, etc. (Millions of yen)	Contract amount, etc. over one year (Millions of yen)	Fair value (Millions of yen)
	Forward exchange contracts Buy				
Deferred hedge accounting	USD EUR	Accounts payable - trade	773 157	-	(14) (2)
	Sell USD	Accounts receivable - trade	96	_	(0)
Total		1,026	_	(17)	

Note: Calculation methods of fair value Valued at prices obtained from counterparty financial institutions and others.

(2) Interest rate-related transactions FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)

Hedge accounting	Type of transaction	Major hedged items	Contract amount, etc. (Millions of yen)	Contract amount, etc. over one year (Millions of yen)	Fair value (Millions of yen)
Special treatment for interest rate swaps	Interest rate swaps transactions Pay fixed and receive floating	Long-term loans payable	900	300	(Note)

Note: The fair value of derivative transactions subject to the special treatment for interest rate swaps is included in the fair value of the underlying long-term loans payable because such derivative transactions are accounted for together with the hedged long-term loans payable.

FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)

Hedge accounting	Type of transaction	Major hedged items	Contract amount, etc. (Millions of yen)	Contract amount, etc. over one year (Millions of yen)	Fair value (Millions of yen)
Special treatment for interest rate swaps	Interest rate swaps transactions Pay fixed and receive floating	Long-term loans payable	900	900	(Note)

Note: The fair value of derivative transactions subject to the special treatment for interest rate swaps is included in the fair value of the underlying long-term loans payable because such derivative transactions are accounted for together with the hedged long-term loans payable.

(Retirement benefits)

1. Overview of retirement benefit plan adopted by the Company

The Company and certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries have a defined benefit pension plan which includes a defined benefit corporate pension plan and a defined contribution plan, and the Company has established a retirement benefit trust. Certain other domestic consolidated subsidiaries have a retirement lump-sum plan as a defined benefit plan.

In the retirement lump-sum plan partially adopted by the domestic consolidated subsidiaries, liabilities for retirement benefits and retirement benefit cost are calculated using the simplified method. Certain domestic consolidated subsidiaries are members of multi-employer corporate pension plans. For such multi-employer plans whereby the amount of plan assets corresponding to the member companies' contributions cannot be calculated reasonably, the same accounting treatment as that for the defined contribution plan is applied.

2. Defined benefit plan

(1) Reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of retirement benefit obligations (excluding plans to which the simplified method is applied)

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Balance of retirement benefit obligations at beginning of period	16,428	16,506
Service cost	860	863
Interest cost	114	114
Actuarial gain or loss	53	(154)
Retirement benefit paid	(1,010)	(902)
Balance of retirement benefit obligations at end of period	16,446	16,428

(2) Reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of plan assets (excluding plans to which simplified method is applied)

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Balance of plan assets at beginning of period	12,803	12,040
Expected return	193	181
Actuarial gain or loss	402	354
Employer's contribution	943	944
Retirement benefit payments	(812)	(717)
Balance of plan assets at end of period	13,529	12,803

(3) Reconciliation of beginning and ending balances of net defined benefit liability and net defined benefit asset relating to retirement benefit plans to which the simplified method is applied

(Millions of yen) FY2018 FY2017 (From April 1, 2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2018) to March 31, 2017) Net defined benefit liability and net defined 1,422 1,400 benefit asset at beginning of period Retirement benefit expenses 226 213 Retirement benefit paid (107)(131)Contributions to plans (48)(45)(13)Other 24 Net defined benefit liability and net defined 1,519 1,422 benefit asset at end of period

(4) Reconciliation of ending balances of retirement benefit obligations and plan assets and retirement benefit liabilities and assets in the consolidated balance sheets

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018	FY2017
	(As of	(As of
	March 31, 2018)	March 31, 2017)
Retirement benefit obligation for funded plans	17,110	17,060
Plan assets	(14,223)	(13,480)
	2,886	3,580
Retirement benefit obligation for non-funded plans	1,548	1,467
Net liabilities and assets recorded on the	4,435	5.049
consolidated balance sheets	4,433	5,048
Net defined benefit liability	4,530	5,151
Net defined benefit asset	(95)	(103)
Net liabilities and assets recorded on the	4.425	5 049
consolidated balance sheets	4,435	5,048

Note: Figures include those for plans to which the simplified method is applied.

(5) Retirement benefit expenses and the breakdown

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Service cost	860	863
Interest cost	114	114
Expected return	(193)	(181)
Amortization of actuarial gain or loss	774	1,023
Retirement benefit expenses based on simplified method	226	213
Retirement benefit expenses relating to defined benefit plan	1,783	2,034

(6) Retirement benefits liability adjustments

Components of retirement benefits liability adjustments (before tax effect) are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016
	to March 31, 2018)	to March 31, 2017)
Actuarial gain or loss	1,123	1,533

(7) Accumulated retirement benefits liability adjustments

Components of accumulated retirement benefits liability adjustments (before tax effect) are as follows:

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Unrecognized actuarial gains and losses	510	1,634

(8) Matters relating to plan assets

(i) Major breakdown of plan assets

The ratio of major classes in the plan assets are as follows:

	FY2018	FY2017
	(As of March 31, 2018)	(As of March 31, 2017)
	(%)	(%)
Bonds	32	31
Stocks	37	38
General account	1	1
Other	30	30
Total	100	100

Note: The total plan assets include a retirement benefit trust established for the corporate pension plan, accounting for 36% of the total plan assets as of the end of the current fiscal year (37% as of the end of the previous fiscal year).

(ii) Method for determining long-term expected rate of return on plan assets

To determine a long-term expected rate of return on plan assets, the Company considers the allocations of current and expected plan assets and the current and expected long-term rates of return from various assets that constitute the plan assets.

(9) Matters relating to calculation basis for actuarial assumptions Calculation basis for major actuarial assumptions

	FY2018	FY2017
	(As of March 31, 2018)	(As of March 31, 2017)
	(%)	(%)
Discount rate	Mainly 0.8	Mainly 0.8
Long-term expected rate of return on plan assets	0.0 - 2.5	0.0 - 2.5
Expected rate of salary increase	0.0 - 3.9	0.0 - 4.8

3. Defined contribution plan

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Required contributions to defined contribution plan for consolidated subsidiaries	12	6

4. Multi-employer plans

Required contributions to the employees' pension fund (retirement benefit expenses) for multiemployer plans, which are treated similarly to defined contribution plan, totaled \(\xi\)17 million for the previous fiscal year and \(\xi\)19 million for the current fiscal year.

(1) Recent funded status of multi-employer plans

		(Millions of yen)
	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2017)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2016)
Plan assets	201,795	186,826
Total of actuarial benefit obligations under pension plan finance calculation and minimum reserve	213,489	199,253
Net	(11,694)	(12,426)

(2) Ratio of Group's contributions to total contributions in multi-employer plans

FY2018 0.27% (As of March 31, 2017) FY2017 0.37% (As of March 31, 2016)

(3) Supplementary explanation

The main factor for the net amount in (1) above is the deficit for the current fiscal year in the amount of \$9,489 million.

The ratio in (2) above is not the same as the actual ratio of the Group's contributions.

(Stock options)

1. Corresponding account and amount of stock options charged as expenses

(Millions of yen)

		(minimum er jun)
	FY2018	FY2017
	(From April 1, 2017	(From April 1, 2016
	to March 31, 2018)	to March 31, 2017)
Selling, general and administrative expenses	79	79

2. Details, size and changes in stock options

(1) Details of stock options

	2017 Stock Options	2016 Stock Options
Category and number of grantees	Directors of the Company; 13	Directors of the Company; 12
Number of stock options by type of shares (Note)	47,950 shares of common stock	51,700 shares of common stock
Grant date	July 26, 2017	July 27, 2016
Vesting conditions	In principle, the eligible person may exercise his/her share subscription rights on a lump sum basis between the subsequent day of the expiration of position as Director of the Company and the 10th day from such day.	In principle, the eligible person may exercise his/her share subscription rights on a lump sum basis between the subsequent day of the expiration of position as Director of the Company and the 10th day from such day.
Vesting period	From July 1, 2017 to June 30, 2018	From July 1, 2016 to June 30, 2017
Exercise period	From July 27, 2017 to July 26, 2047	From July 28, 2016 to July 27, 2046

	2015 Stock Options	2014 Stock Options
Category and number of grantees	Directors of the Company; 11	Directors of the Company; 9
Number of stock options by type of shares (Note)	51,100 shares of common stock	61,700 shares of common stock
Grant date	July 23, 2015	July 24, 2014
Vesting conditions	In principle, the eligible person may exercise his/her share subscription rights on a lump sum basis between the subsequent day of the expiration of position as Director of the Company and the 10th day from such day.	In principle, the eligible person may exercise his/her share subscription rights on a lump sum basis between the subsequent day of the expiration of position as Director of the Company and the 10th day from such day.
Vesting period	From July 1, 2015 to June 30, 2016	From July 1, 2014 to June 30, 2015
Exercise period	From July 24, 2015 to July 23, 2045	From July 25, 2014 to July 24, 2044

Note: The number of stock options represents the number of shares. As the Company conducted a 1-for-2 share consolidation on October 1, 2016, the number of shares reflects the amount after the share consolidation.

(2) Size and changes in stock options

The following describes the number of stock options that existed during FY2018 (fiscal year ended March 31, 2018). The number of stock options represents the number of shares.

(i) Number of stock options

	2017 Stock Options	2016 Stock Options	2015 Stock Options	2014 Stock Options
Before vesting (Shares)				
As of March 31, 2017	_	51,700	41,700	43,600
Granted	47,950	=	=	=
Forfeited	_	_	_	_
Vested	_	8,700	8,000	10,800
Unvested	47,950	43,000	33,700	32,800
After vesting (Shares)				
As of March 31, 2017	_	_	_	_
Vested	_	8,700	8,000	10,800
Exercised	_	8,700	8,000	10,800
Forfeited	_	_	_	_
Exercisable	_			_

Note: As the Company conducted a 1-for-2 share consolidation on October 1, 2016, the number of shares reflects the amount after the share consolidation.

(ii) Unit price information

	2017 Stock Options	2016 Stock Options	2015 Stock Options	2014 Stock Options
Exercise price (Yen)	1	1	1	1
Average price per share upon exercise (Yen)	_	1,801	1,801	1,801
Fair value per share at grant date (Yen)	1,667	1,512	1,590	1,008

Note: As the Company conducted a 1-for-2 share consolidation on October 1, 2016, per share price reflects the amount after the share consolidation.

3. Method for estimating the fair value of stock options

The method for estimating the fair value of the 2017 stock options granted in the current fiscal year is as follows:

- (i) Valuation method: Black-Scholes Model
- (ii) Main assumptions and estimation method:

	2017 Stock Options	
Volatility of share price (Note 1)	22.9%	
Estimated remaining outstanding period (Note 2)	Three years and seven months	
Estimated dividend (Note 3)	¥30 per share	
Risk-free interest rate (Note 4)	(0.09)%	

- Notes: 1. Calculated based on the stock market performance for the three years and seven months (from December 2013 to July 2017).
 - Estimated based on the average remaining service period for Directors at the allotment date of the stock
 options, which is based on the average service period of past Directors and the current service periods of
 incumbent Directors between their inauguration dates and the allotment date of stock options.
 - 3. Dividend was estimated based on the actual dividends for the fiscal year ended March 31, 2017.
 - 4. The yield on government bonds for the period corresponding to the estimated remaining outstanding period.
- 4. Method for estimating the number of stock options vested

Because it is difficult to reasonably estimate the number of stock options that will expire in the future, the number here reflects only stock options that have actually been forfeited.

(Tax effect accounting)

1. Significant components of deferred tax assets and liabilities

(Millions of yen)

	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Deferred tax assets		
Non-deductible accrued enterprise tax	207	177
Accrued bonuses	453	439
Net defined benefit liability	2,258	2,045
Loss on valuation of securities	38	38
Unrealized gain on sales of fixed assets	937	946
Loss on valuation of non-current assets	68	69
Other	1,783	2,251
Subtotal deferred tax assets	5,748	5,967
Amount offset by deferred tax liabilities	2,900	3,059
Net deferred tax assets	2,847	2,908
Deferred tax liabilities		
Reserve for reduction entry	2,848	2,846
Unrealized holding gain (loss) on securities	12,153	10,849
Gain on contribution of securities to retirement	437	440
benefit trust	437	440
Other	1,240	1,142
Subtotal deferred tax liabilities	16,681	15,278
Amount offset by deferred tax assets	2,900	3,059
Net deferred tax liabilities	13,780	12,219

Notes: 1. The amounts deducted from deferred tax assets in calculating the amounts of deferred tax assets are as follows: (Millions of yen)

	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Amount deducted from deferred tax assets	2,292	2,080

2. Deferred tax assets and liabilities in the previous fiscal year and the current fiscal year are included in the following accounts in the consolidated balance sheets.

(Millions of yen)

	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017)
Current assets - deferred tax assets	1,465	1,537
Non-current assets - deferred tax assets	1,382	1,371
Current liabilities - Other	6	1
Non-current liabilities - deferred tax liabilities	13,774	12,218

2. Significant components in the reconciliation of difference between the effective statutory tax rate and effective tax rate reflected in the consolidated financial statements are as follows:

	FY2018 (As of March 31, 2018) (%)	FY2017 (As of March 31, 2017) (%)
Effective statutory tax rate	-	30.9
(Adjustments)		
Non-deductible permanent differences such as	=	1.0
entertainment expenses		
Non-taxable permanent differences such as dividend	_	(0.6)
income		
Per capita inhabitant taxes		0.7
Special deductions from income tax	_	(1.9)
Effect of change in effective tax rate	_	_
Differences of tax rates at foreign subsidiaries	_	(0.3)
Other		(1.8)
Actual effective tax rate after tax effect accounting	_	27.9

Note: The note is omitted as the difference between the effective statutory tax rate and the actual effective tax rate after tax effect accounting is equal to or less than 5% of the effective statutory tax rate in the current fiscal year.

(Business combination)

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

Not applicable

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

Business combination through acquisition

1. Summary of business combination

(1) Name and business description of acquired company

Name of acquirer NIPPN Donuts Holdings Co., Ltd.

Name of acquiree Yamato Foods Co., Ltd.

Business description Management of donut shops, etc.

(2) Main reasons for business combination

Yamato Foods Co., Ltd. develops its shops as a franchisee of the Mister Donut and Mos Burger chains. Accordingly, NIPPN Donuts Holdings Co., Ltd. expands its business scale and strengthens its position as a Mister Donut franchisee and the Company believes that it can strengthen its cooperation with Duskin Co., Ltd., which controls the Mister Donut business.

(3) Date of business combination

April 28, 2016

(4) Legal form of business combination

Acquisition of shares for cash consideration

(5) Name of company after business combination

Yamato Foods Co., Ltd.

(6) Percentage of voting rights acquired

100%

(7) Main grounds for determination of the acquiring company Share acquisition for cash by NIPPN Donuts Holdings Co., Ltd., a consolidated subsidiary of the Company

2. Operating period of acquired company included in the consolidated financial statements From May 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017

3. Acquisition cost of acquired company and breakdown by type of consideration

Consideration for the acquisition Cash ¥1,367 million

Acquisition cost ¥1,367 million

4. Details and amount of main acquisition-related costs

Advisory fee ¥36 million

- 5. Goodwill incurred, reason, amortization method and period
 - (1) Goodwill incurred ¥609 million
 - (2) Reason

The goodwill is attributable to expected future profitability of the Company.

(3) Amortization method and period Straight-line method over ten years

6. Amounts and breakdown of assets and liabilities acquired on the date of business combination

Current assets	¥344 million
Non-current assets	¥1,315 million
Total assets	¥1,659 million
Current liabilities	¥882 million
Non-current liabilities	¥8 million
Total liabilities	¥891 million

7. Approximate amount and calculation method of impact of business combination on consolidated statements of income for the current fiscal year assuming that acquisition was completed at the beginning of the current fiscal year

Net sales	¥314 million
Operating income (loss)	¥(3) million
Profit (loss) before income taxes	¥(3) million
Profit (loss) attributable to owners of parent	$\Psi(0)$ million

(Calculation methods for estimated amount)

The approximate amounts of the impact of the business combination are the differences between the information on net sales and profit or loss on the assumption that the acquisition was completed at the beginning of the current fiscal year and the information on net sales and profit or loss in the consolidated statement of income of the acquiring company.

The above information has not been audited by the Company's independent auditor.

Transactions under common control

(Making a consolidated subsidiary a wholly owned subsidiary through simplified share exchange) The Company and Tofuku Flour Mills Co., Ltd. ("Tofuku Flour Mills"), at their respective Board of Directors meetings held on August 4, 2016, resolved that the Company would exchange shares for the acquisition of Tofuku Flour Mills as a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, making the Company the wholly owning parent (the "Share Exchange"), and concluded a share exchange agreement dated the same day. In accordance with the share exchange agreement, the Company conducted the Share Exchange as of the effective date of November 1, 2016 and Tofuku Flour Mills became a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company.

The common stock of Tofuku Flour Mills was delisted from the Fukuoka Stock Exchange on October 27, 2016 (the final trading day was October 26, 2016).

- 1. Overview of the Share Exchange
 - (1) Name of wholly owned subsidiary and description of business

Name of wholly owned subsidiary Tofuku Flour Mills Co., Ltd.

Business description Manufacture and sale of flour and prepared mix

- (2) Purpose of the Share Exchange
 - Optimizing the Group's value chain by integrating management resources that are dispersed within the Group
 - · Delivering greater business synergy by avoiding conflict of interests within the Group
 - Enabling the Group to distribute management resources and establish management strategies in optimal ways through integrated management of the Group
- (3) Effective date of the Share Exchange November 1, 2016
- (4) Method of the Share Exchange

A share exchange in which the Company becomes the wholly owning parent and Tofuku Flour Mills becomes the wholly owned subsidiary.

The Company conducted the Share Exchange by means of a simplified share exchange that does not require the approval of its general meeting of shareholders pursuant to the provisions of Article 796, paragraph 2 of the Companies Act. As Tofuku Flour Mills received approval for the share exchange agreement at its extraordinary general meeting of shareholders held on September 21, 2016, the Share Exchange was effective as of November 1, 2016.

(5) Name of company after business combination Tofuku Flour Mills Co., Ltd.

2. Calculation of acquisition cost

(1) Acquisition cost of acquired company and breakdown by type of consideration

Consideration for the acquisition

Common stock (treasury shares)

4751 million

Acquisition cost

¥751 million

(2) Description of allotment concerning the Share Exchange

	The Company	Tofuku Flour Mills	
Company name	(Wholly Owning Parent in	(Wholly Owned Subsidiary in Share	
1 3	Share Exchange)	Exchange)	
Allotment ratio concerning the Share			
Exchange	1	0.1	
Number of shares allotted through the Share			
Exchange	Common stock of the	e Company: 485,327 shares	

- (Note 1) The Company conducted a 1-for-2 share consolidation on October 1, 2016 according to a resolution at an annual meeting of shareholders held on June 29, 2016. The allotment ratio concerning the Share Exchange is stated based on the stock value of Nippon Flour Mills after the share consolidation.
- (Note 2) In calculating the allotment ratio concerning the Share Exchange, the Company asked a third-party organization, which is independent from the Company and Tofuku Flour Mills, to calculate the allotment ratio with the aim of securing the fairness and appropriateness of the calculation.

(Note 3) All the shares allotted by the Company were treasury shares held.

- (3) Summary of accounting treatment

 The Company treated the Share Exchange as a transaction under common control in accordance with the accounting standard for business combinations.
- 3. Change in equity of the Company arising from share exchange with non-controlling interests
 - (1) Main reason for change in capital surplus Additional acquisition of shares of subsidiaries
 - (2) Increase in capital surplus due to transactions with non-controlling interests ¥619 million

(Asset retirement obligations)

As of March 31, 2018

The Group recognizes liabilities relating to the restoration of real estate to its original state upon withdrawal from real estate based on real estate lease contracts for factories and others as asset retirement obligations. However, the description of this information has been omitted as the total amount of the obligations is immaterial.

As of March 31, 2017

The Group recognizes liabilities relating to the restoration of real estate to its original state upon withdrawal from real estate based on real estate lease contracts for factories and others as asset retirement obligations. However, the description of this information has been omitted as the total amount of the obligations is immaterial.

(Rental property and other real estate)

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

The information has been omitted as the total amount of rental property and other real estate is immaterial.

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

The information has been omitted as the total amount of rental property and other real estate is immaterial.

(Public facility management)

Not applicable

(Segment information)

[Segment information]

1. Overview of reportable segments

The Group's reportable segments are group components which are regularly reviewed by the Board of Directors using the discrete financial information available to determine the allocation of management resources and evaluate business results.

The Group consists of three main business units classified by product types—Flour Milling, Food and Other. Each business unit formulates business strategies and promotes business activities. The Group has classified its operations into two reportable segments: Flour Milling and Food. The Flour Milling segment covers wheat flour, wheat bran, and buckwheat flour, while the Food segment covers wheat flour for home use, premixes, pasta, frozen foods, delicatessen foods, and rice flour.

- 2. Calculation methods of sales, income (loss), assets, liabilities and other items by reportable segment. The accounting methods used for reportable segments are the same as those described under "Basis of preparation of the consolidated financial statements."
 Profit figures of reportable segments are based on operating income. Inter-segment sales and
 - transfers are based on prevailing market prices.
- 3. Information on sales, income (loss), assets, liabilities and other items by reportable segment

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

						(M	dillions of yen)
	Rep	Reportable segments					Amounts recorded on
	Flour Milling	Food	Total	Other	Total	Adjustments	consolidated financial statements
Net sales							
Net sales to external customers	97,752	191,643	289,396	34,099	323,495	_	323,495
Internal sales or transfers between segments	1,781	644	2,425	2,394	4,820	(4,820)	_
Total	99,533	192,288	291,821	36,494	328,316	(4,820)	323,495
Segment income	5,216	4,435	9,651	374	10,025	35	10,060
Segment assets	107,136	93,983	201,120	19,004	220,125	53,202	273,328
Other items							
Depreciation	3,001	3,561	6,563	911	7,475	316	7,791
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	2,486	6,359	8,846	1,884	10,731	8	10,739

Notes: 1. The "Other" column indicates businesses not included in the reportable segments, including pet food, health food and engineering.

- 2. Segment income adjustment of ¥35 million includes elimination of inter-segment transactions and corporate expenses.
- Corporate assets included in adjustments of segment assets amounted to ¥54,472 million and mainly comprise the Company's surplus funds (cash and deposits, and securities) and property, plant and equipment concerning administrative departments.
- 4. Adjustments amounting to ¥8 million for the increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets mainly relate to capital investment by the administrative departments and elimination of inter-segment transactions.
- 5. Segment income is adjusted to reconcile total segment income to operating income on the consolidated financial statements.
- 6. Depreciation expenses and an increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets include an increase in

- long-term prepaid expenses and amortization thereof.
- 7. Different criteria are applied for allocation of non-current assets to each segment and for allocation of relevant depreciation expenses to each segment, respectively.

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

(Millions of yen)

	Rep	Reportable segments					Amounts recorded on	
	Flour Milling	Food	Total	Other	Total	Adjustments	consolidated financial statements	
Net sales								
Net sales to external customers	96,940	182,231	279,171	33,760	312,932	_	312,932	
Internal sales or transfers between segments	1,868	614	2,482	2,242	4,724	(4,724)	_	
Total	98,808	182,845	281,653	36,003	317,657	(4,724)	312,932	
Segment income	4,005	6,726	10,731	831	11,563	11	11,574	
Segment assets	103,254	88,064	191,319	17,042	208,361	43,713	252,074	
Other items								
Depreciation	3,271	3,266	6,538	940	7,478	237	7,715	
Increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets	3,715	5,482	9,197	1,260	10,457	1,352	11,809	

Notes:

- 1. The "Other" column indicates businesses not included in the reportable segments, including pet food, health food and engineering.
 - 2. Segment income adjustment of ¥11 million includes elimination of inter-segment transactions and corporate expenses.
- Corporate assets included in adjustments of segment assets amounted to ¥45,374 million and mainly comprise the Company's surplus funds (cash and deposits, and securities) and property, plant and equipment concerning administrative departments.
- 4. Adjustments amounting to ¥1,352 million for the increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets mainly relate to capital investment by the administrative departments and elimination of inter-segment transactions.
- 5. Segment income is adjusted to reconcile total segment income to operating income on the consolidated financial statements.
- 6. Depreciation expenses and an increase in property, plant and equipment and intangible assets include an increase in long-term prepaid expenses and amortization thereof.
- 7. Different criteria are applied for allocation of non-current assets to each segment and for allocation of relevant depreciation expenses to each segment, respectively.

[Related information]

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

1. Information by product and service

This information has been omitted as the same information is disclosed in Segment information.

2. Information by geographical area

(1) Net sales

This information has been omitted as net sales to external customers in Japan account for more than 90% of net sales recorded on the consolidated statement of income.

(2) Property, plant and equipment

This information has been omitted because the amount of property, plant and equipment located in Japan excesses 90% of the amount of property, plant and equipment in the consolidated balance sheet.

3. Information by major customer

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Name of customer	Net sales (Millions of yen)	Name of related segment
FamilyMart Co.,Ltd.	48,413	Food
ITOCHU Corporation	38,208	Flour Milling and Food

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

1. Information by product and service

This information has been omitted as the same information is disclosed in Segment information.

2. Information by geographical area

(1) Net sales

This information has been omitted as net sales to external customers in Japan account for more than 90% of net sales recorded on the consolidated statement of income.

(2) Property, plant and equipment

This information has been omitted because the amount of property, plant and equipment located in Japan excesses 90% of the amount of property, plant and equipment in the consolidated balance sheet.

3. Information by major customer

Name of customer	Net sales (Millions of yen)	Name of related segment
FamilyMart Co.,Ltd.	40,486	Food
ITOCHU Corporation	35,808	Flour Milling and Food

[Information on impairment loss on non-current assets by reportable segment] FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

	Flour Milling	Food	Other (Note)	Adjustments and elimination	Total
Impairment loss	ı	24	219	-	244

Note: The amounts in "Other" are those relating to the restaurant business and others.

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

(Millions of yen)

	Flour Milling	Food	Other (Note)	Adjustments and elimination	Total
Impairment loss	_	_		_	_

Note: The amounts in "Other" are those relating to the restaurant business and others.

[Information on amortization and balance of goodwill by reportable segment]

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)

(Millions of yen)

	Flour Milling	Food	Other (Note)	Adjustments and elimination	Total
Amortization during current period	19	17	113		149
Balance at end of current period	12	59	520	_	592

Note: The amounts in "Other" are those relating to the restaurant business and others.

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)

(Millions of yen)

	Flour Milling	Food	Other (Note)	Adjustments and elimination	Total
Amortization during current period	19	-	108		127
Balance at end of current period	31	_	632	_	664

Note: The amounts in "Other" are those relating to the restaurant business and others.

[Information on gain on bargain purchase by reportable segment]

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018) Not applicable

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017) Not applicable [Related parties]

FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018) Not applicable

FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017) Not applicable

(Per share information)

(Yen)

	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Net assets per share	1,897.64	1,784.44
Basic profit per share	95.34	111.40
Fully diluted profit per share	95.16	111.22

- Notes: 1. The Company conducted a 1-for-2 share consolidation on October 1, 2016. Amounts of net assets per share, basic profit per share and fully diluted profit per share presented above were calculated assuming that the share consolidation was conducted at the beginning of the previous fiscal year.
 - 2. Basis for the calculation of basic profit per share and fully diluted profit per share is as follows:

	FY2018 (From April 1, 2017 to March 31, 2018)	FY2017 (From April 1, 2016 to March 31, 2017)
Basic profit per share		
Profit attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen)	7,651	8,934
Amount not attributable to common shareholders (Millions of yen)	-	-
Amount pertaining to common stock (Millions of yen)	7,651	8,934
Average number of shares of common stock in the fiscal year (Thousands of shares)	80,257	80,203
Fully diluted profit per share		
Adjustments on profit attributable to owners of parent (Millions of yen)	-	-
Increase in common stock (Thousands of shares)	152	131
Summary of residual securities not included in calculation of fully diluted profit per share due to non dilutive effect	-	_

(Significant subsequent events)

(Issuance of euro-yen denominated convertible bonds with stock acquisition rights)

At the Board of Directors meeting of the Company held on June 6, 2018, the Company resolved that the Company would issue euro-yen denominated convertible bonds with stock acquisition rights due 2025 (hereinafter referred to as the "Convertible Bonds with Stock Acquisition Rights", of which the bonds excluding stock acquisition rights, and stock acquisition rights are hereinafter referred to as the "Bonds" and the "Stock Acquisition Rights," respectively), and payment was completed on June 22, 2018 (London time, hereinafter the same unless otherwise indicated). The summary of the issuance is as follows:

1. Aggregate amount of the Bonds

Sum of ¥25.0 billion and the total face value of the Bonds regarding substitute bond certificates with stock acquisition right

2. Issue price

100.5% of the face value of the Bonds (face value of each Bond: ¥10.00 million)

3. Offering Price

103.0% of the face value of the Bonds

4. Payment Date

June 22, 2018

5. Maturity Date

The Company will redeem the Bonds at 100% of their face value on June 20, 2025.

6. Interest Rate

The Bonds shall not bear any interest.

7. Class and number of shares to be issued upon the exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights

(1) Class

The Company's common stock.

(2) Number of Shares

The number of common stock to be issued or to be transferred from the Company instead of issuance, upon exercise of the Stock Acquisition Rights (hereinafter issuance or transfer of the Company's common stock shall be referred to as "Allocation" of the Company's common stock), shall be the amount obtained by dividing the total issue price of the Bonds regarding the exercise request by the conversion price described in 9. (2).

8. Total number of the Stock Acquisition Rights

Sum of 2,500 units and the number of units obtained by dividing the total face value of the Bonds regarding substitute bond certificate by \(\frac{\pma}{10.00}\) million

9. Amount to be paid to exercise the Stock Acquisition Rights

When exercising each Stock Acquisition Right, the Bond regarding the Stock Acquisition Right shall be funded. The price of the Bond shall be equal to the face value of the Bond. The conversion price shall be \(\frac{\pma}{2},296\) initially.

10. Exercise period of the stock acquisition rights

Exercise period shall be from July 6, 2018 to June 6, 2025 (local time of place where exercise request is accepted). However, certain relevant provisions are given in the terms and conditions of issuance.

11. Conditions to exercise the stock acquisition rights

Partial exercise of a stock acquisition right shall not be allowed.

12. Use of fund

- (1) Approximately ¥6.0 billion by the end of March 2020, in preparation for business expansion in Japan and overseas in the future, and for capital investment to rationalize manufacturing and to update facilities
- (2) Approximately ¥2.0 billion by the end of March 2019, for capital investment in Kobe-Konan Mill for the purpose of increasing production capacity of flour milling and food business
- (3) Approximately ¥4.0 billion by the end of March 2020, for capital investment in redevelopment business of "Shinjuku South Entrance Project" at Sendagaya 5-chome
- (4) Approximately ¥6.0 billion by the end of March 2019, for capital investment in construction of new factory of processed noodles managed by a group company and others that are expected to increase production capacity of deli-products business
- (5) Approximately ¥7.0 billion by the end of March 2019, as a fund for purchase of treasury shares with a view to enhancing shareholder returns and improving capital efficiency

(Purchase of treasury shares)

At the Board of Directors meeting of the Company held on June 6, 2018, the Company resolved to purchase treasury shares as follows, in accordance with Article 156 of the Companies Act applicable by replacing the provisions pursuant to Article 165, Paragraph 3 of the said Act.

(1)	Purpose of purchase of treasury	To improve capital efficiency and enhance shareholder
	shares	returns
(2)	Class of shares to be purchased	The Company's common stock
(3)	Total number of shares to be	4,500,000 shares (maximum)
	purchased	(the ratio to the total number of issued shares (excluding
		treasury shares): 5.60%)
(4)	Total amount of purchase	¥7,000 million (maximum)
(5)	Purchase period	From June 7, 2018 to March 31, 2019
(6)	Purchase method	Market purchase on the Tokyo Stock Exchange

(v) Consolidated supplemental schedules (Schedule of bonds payable)

Company name	Security titles	Issue date	Balance at beginning of current period (Millions of yen)	Balance at end of current period (Millions of yen)	Interest rate (%)	Collateral	Maturity
Nippon Flour Mills Co., Ltd.	3rd Series of Unsecured Straight Bonds	April 19, 2013	5,000	5,000 (5,000)	0.389	None	April 19, 2018
Same as above	4th Series of Unsecured Straight Bonds	Same as above	5,000	5,000	0.524	None	April 17, 2020
Total	-	_	10,000	10,000 (5,000)	-	_	-

Notes:

- 1. Amounts in parentheses are current portion of bonds.
- 2. Repayment schedule for five years after the consolidated balance sheet date is as follows:

(Millions of yen)

Due within one year	Due after one year within two years	Due after two years within three years	Due after three years within four years	Due after four years within five years
5,000	_	5,000	_	_

(Schedule of borrowings)

Category	Balance at beginning of current period (Millions of yen)	Balance at end of current period (Millions of yen)	Average interest rate (%)	Repayment date	
Short-term loans payable	16,403	18,019	0.54	-	
Current portion of long-term loans payable	2,619	4,508	0.74	-	
Current portion of lease obligations	328	242	_	-	
Long-term loans payable (excluding current portion)	9,877	12,075	0.46	2019 – 2030	
Lease obligations (excluding current portion)	529	481	_	2019 – 2027	
Other interest-bearing debt	-	-	_	_	
Total	29,758	35,328	_	-	

Notes: 1. Repayment schedule for long-term loans payable and lease obligations (excluding current portion) for five years after the consolidated balance sheet date is as follows:

(Millions of yen)

	Due after one year within two years	Due after two years within three years	Due after three years within four years	Due after four years within five years
Long-term loans payable	2,394	1,991	766	875
Lease obligations	169	106	82	53

- 2. Average interest rates are computed using interest rates at the end of the fiscal year.
- 3. Average interest rates on lease obligations are not provided because the lease obligations stated in the consolidated balance sheet represent the amounts with interest equivalents not deducted from the total lease payments.

(Schedule of asset retirement obligations)

The amount of asset retirement obligations at the beginning and at the end of the current fiscal year was not more than 1/100 of the amount of total liabilities and net assets at the beginning and at the end of the current fiscal year. Consequently, pursuant to Article 92-2 of the Regulations for Consolidated Financial Statements, this information has been omitted.